## Shri Shantadurga Higher Secondary School, Bicholim-Goa. First Terminal Examination October-2019

| Std: XI Science Date: 21/10/2019 | Chemistry | Max Marks: 55 <br> Duration: 150 Minutes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Instructions:- |  |  |
| 1. All questions are compulsory; however question 8, 24, and 25 has internal choice. |  |  |
| 2. Use of calculator is not permitted, however logarithmic table will be provided on request. |  |  |
| 3. Every Question should be attempted only once. |  |  |
| Section-A consists of 7 questions of 1 mark each. |  |  |
| Section-B consists of 8 questions of 2 marks each. |  |  |
| Section-C consists of 8 questions of 3 marks each. |  |  |
| Section-D consists of 2 questions of 4 marks each. |  |  |
| $N_{A}=6.022 \times 10^{23}$; |  |  |
| At mass (u) | 6, $S=32 ; K=39$ |  |

## Section-A

Q.1. Shape of Boron Trifluoride molecule is
\# Octahedral \# Tetrahedral \# Trigonal planar \# Pyramidal
Q. 2 A graph plotted at a constant volume is called $\qquad$ .
\# isobar \# isochore \# isotherm \# isomer
Q.3. In the chemical reaction $2 \mathbf{N a}+\mathbf{2 D}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{~A}+\mathrm{B}$,
$\mathbf{A} \& \mathbf{B}$ are $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ .

$$
\text { \# NaOH \& } \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \quad \text { \# NaOH \& } \mathrm{D}_{2} \mathrm{O} \quad \# \mathrm{NaOD} \& \mathrm{D}_{2} \quad \# \mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{D} \text { \& } \mathrm{D}_{2}
$$

Q.4. An example of a nucleophile is $\qquad$ .

$$
\begin{array}{cccc}
\#_{\mathrm{AlCl}_{3}} & \# \mathrm{H}^{+} & \# \mathrm{BF}_{3} \quad \# \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \tag{1}
\end{array}
$$

Q.5. Name the spectral series of hydrogen atom spectrum that lies in UV region?
Q.6. Write any two properties of the transition metals.
Q.7. Write the chain isomers for the compound having the molecular formula $\mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{4}} \mathbf{H}_{\mathbf{1 0}}$

## Section-B

Q. 823 g of Ethyl alcohol (Molar mass $\left.=45 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}\right)$ is dissolved in 54 g of water
(Molar mass $=18 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$ ).
Calculate the mole fraction of ethyl alcohol and water in solution.

## OR

Q. 8 Calculate the following

1. Mass of One atom of Iodine (Given atomic mass of Iodine $=129$ u)
2. Number of atoms in $\mathbf{0 . 5}$ moles of Calcium atoms. (Given atomic mass of Calcium $=40$ u)
Q. 9 Define Electronegativity. Write its trends across the period and down the group.
Q. 10 Answer the following:
i. Name two ions which are isoelectronic with Ne .
ii. Explain the trend observed for atomic radius across the period and down the group.
Q. 11 Answer the following questions w.r.t. graph shown below..

3. Name the law depicted in above graph.
4. What is absolute zero.
Q. 12 Write a point of similarity and a point of difference between hydrogen and halogen.
Q. 13 Wrie two points of difference between ionic hydrides and covalent hydrides.
Q. 14 Write a complete classification of carbocyclic compounds.
Q. 15 Answer the following.

1 .What is acid rain?
2. State any two gases responsible for the green house effect.

## Section-C

Q.16. Answer the following.

1. Draw the shape of $\mathrm{dz}^{2}$ orbital.
2. What is black body radiation?
3. Write the electronic configuration of $\mathbf{S c}(\mathrm{Z}=21)$
Q.17. Answer the following.
4. State Aufbau Principle.
5. Draw a neat label diagram of Thomson model of atom.
6. Write any two limitations of Bohr's model of atom.
Q. 18 Answer the following.
7. State Avogadro's law.
8. Write a point of difference between molarity and molality.
9. Name the following:
a) The mass of one mole of a substance in grams
b) Property of a substance which can be measured or observed without changing the identity or composition of a substance
Q. 19 Write the full form of VSEPR Theory and write its Four Postulates
Q. 20 Answer the following.
10. Liquids at high altitudes boil at lower temperatures in comparison to that at sea level. Give reason.
11. State 'Dalton's Law of Partial Pressure.
12. What is surface tension?
Q. 21 Draw a graph to depict Boyles Law.

A balloon with a volume of 2.0 L is filled with a gas at 3 atmospheres. If the pressure is reduced to 0.5 atmospheres without a change in temperature, calculate what would be the volume of the balloon?
Q. 22 Answer the following questions:

1) What is syn gas?
2) Explain a method used to remove temporary hardness of water.
3) Hydrogen peroxide is stored in wax lined glass bottle. Give reason.
Q. 23 Answer the following with respect to the given organic compound

(i) Write the hybridization of the underlined species.
(ii) Write the bond line structure.
(iii) Count and write the total number of sigma bond and pi bond

## Section-D

Q. 24 With respect to Sigma bond, answer the following questions.
a) Name the different types of overlapping of atomic orbitals that leads to this bond formation.
b) Why it is stronger than pi bond?
c) Write its one point of difference with pi bond w.r.t free rotation of atoms.
d) How many such bonds are present in $\mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{2}} \mathbf{H}_{\mathbf{4}}$ Molecule?

## OR

Q. 24 With respect to $\mathbf{N H}_{\mathbf{3}}$ (Ammonia) molecule answer the following.
a) Draw the shape of the molecule.
b) Show the Bond diploe and net dipole moment in this molecule.
c) Write the number of lone pairs and bond pairs on Nitrogen atom.
d) Comment on its arrangement of bond pairs and lone pairs and also on its geometry.
Q. 25 Write the IUPAC name for the given compound:
(i)

(ii)

(iii) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}_{3}$
(iv)


OR
Q. 25 Write the structure for the following compounds:
(i) 4-methylpent-2-yne
(ii) Propanal
(iii) p-dibromobenzene
(iv) 3-methylbutanenitrile

